



October 2021

# Student Voting Rates for University Of Baltimore

## 2020 NSLVE Campus Report

**October 2021**

**Dear Colleagues:**

We are pleased to send this tailored report containing your students' voting rates for 2020. This report contains three years of relevant topline data: 2016, 2018, and 2020. As always, we disaggregate the data so you can better identify and address gaps in participation.

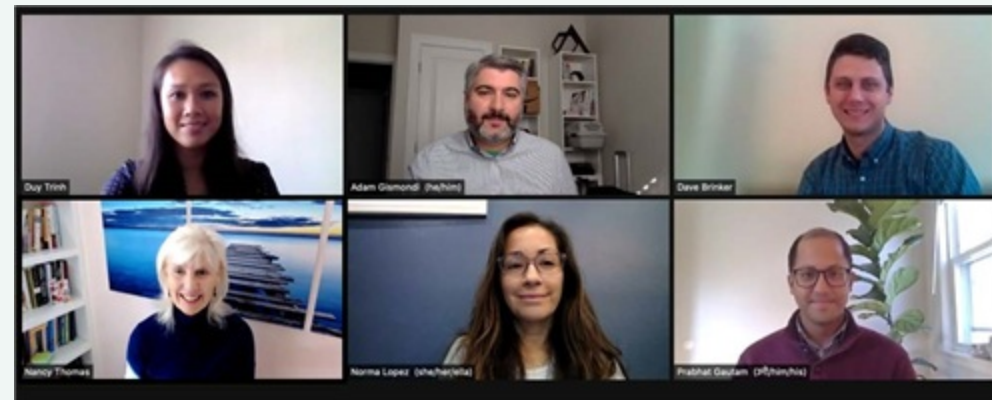
College and university students participated in record-breaking numbers in the 2020 election. In 2016, the Average Institutional Voting Rate was 53%. This year, it jumped to 66%. We encourage you to review Democracy Counts 2020, our most recent national report.

As in past years, we urge you to share this report widely and strategically, particularly with faculty who, in 2020, were often the most consistent communicators with students about ever-changing voting conditions and deadlines. We also urge you to review our recommendations for engaging elections to cultivate a robust and healthy campus climate for political engagement, discourse, equity, and participation: Election Imperatives (2019) and the more recent Election Imperatives: A Time of Physical Distancing and Social Action. Since "pervasive political discussions" and attentiveness to the campus culture around speech and academic freedom are among our top recommendations, we direct you to our discussion guides on talking about your NSLVE report, on free speech and inclusion, and on hot topics, our Making Sense of ... guides.

Finally, we always encourage you to work with us. Help us help you get better data by reaching out. Email [IDHE@Tufts.edu](mailto:IDHE@Tufts.edu) for more information. And as always, watch your inbox for our periodic newsletter, IDHE Update, for announcements about upcoming releases and new resources.

Congratulations on engaging your students in the 2020 election. Remember, student political learning is a year-round objective. Elections may be episodic, but student political engagement should not be.

All the Best,  
IDHE Team



**(Top Row from left) Duy Trinh, Program Administrator; Adam Gismondi, Director of Impact; Dave Brinker, Senior Researcher; (Bottom Row from left) Nancy Thomas, Director; Norma López, Postdoctoral Scholar; Prabhat Gautam, Data Manager.**

We also want to acknowledge and thank **Syed Golam Mohaimen, M.S. student in Data Science at Tufts University** for his contributions toward the creation of these reports.

# In This Report

This report presents data on student voter participation rates for your campus. The topline counts on page 5 tells you how many students voted, but we encourage you to look carefully at the data on subsequent pages to learn who voted. Data are presented in the form of vessel charts, overlapping donut charts, and tables.

	2014			2018			2014-2018 Change (p.p.)
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate (%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate (%)	
Asian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
American Indian/ Alaska Native	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Black	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hispanic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

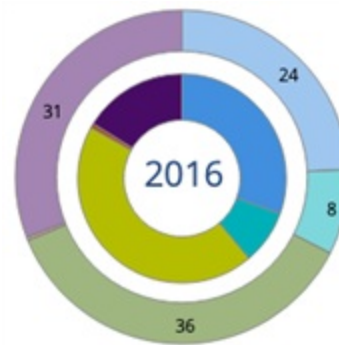
## Tables

The tables show, on the left-side columns, the numbers of students and the rates from 2016, 2018, and 2020. On the left-side, percentage point (p.p.) changes between 2016 and 2020. A red down arrow indicates a decrease, a green up arrow indicates an increase, and a yellow arrow pointing to the right indicates no change. "-" in these tables indicates that the data is unavailable/missing, or is available for 10 or less students.



## Vessel Chart

This chart shows rates out of 100%, with arrows to the right of each bar representing relevant national averages (medians), which you can find in IDHE's national report Democracy Counts 2020.



## Overlapping Donut Chart

This chart is used to show the breakdown of vote method utilization (page 10), with the outer ring showing your campus method utilization and the inner ring showing the national breakdown. These are described in percentages.

# Voting, Registration and Yield Rates

## YOUR INSTITUTION

72.6%

2020 Voting Rate

+2.9

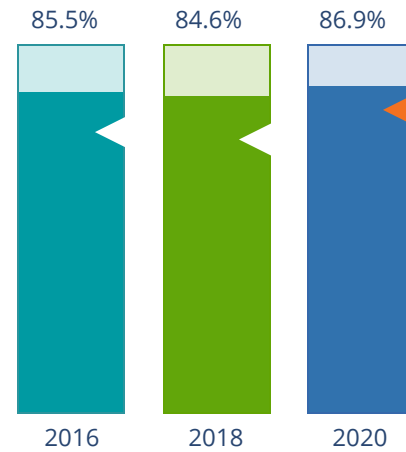
Change From 2016

## ALL INSTITUTIONS

66%

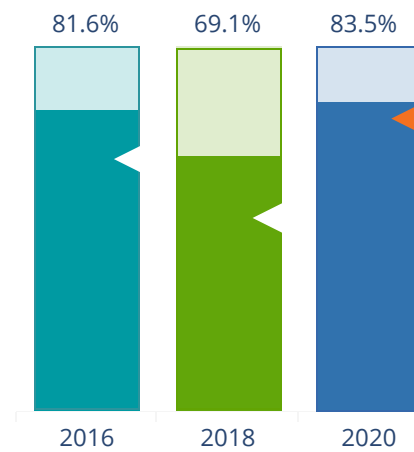
2020 Voting Rate

## REGISTRATION RATE



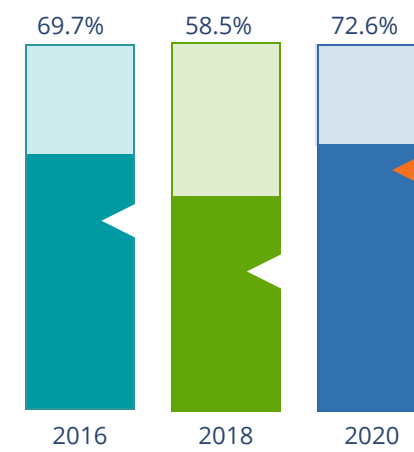
The **Registration Rate** is the percent of your voting-eligible students who registered to vote.

## VOTING RATE OF REGISTERED STUDENTS



The **Voting Rate of Registered Students** is the percent of registered students who voted on Election Day. We often refer to this as the “yield” rate.

## VOTING RATE



The **Voting Rate** is the percentage of eligible students who voted on Election Day. The voting rate is also the product of the registration and yield rates.

# Looking Closer

## Voting and Registration Rates

	2016	2018	2020	2016-2020 Change (p.p.)
<b>Total Student Enrollment</b>	5,701	4,791	3,977	↓ -1,724
(Age under 18/Unknown)	-	-	11	-
(IPEDS estimated non-resident aliens)	198	119	114	↓ -85
(FERPA records blocked)	-	37	27	-
(Non-Degree Seeking Students)	104	181	170	↑ 66
<b>Total eligible voters</b>	5,385	4,445	3,656	↓ -1,729
<b>Number of students who registered</b>	4,603	3,761	3,177	↓ -1,426
<b>Number of students who voted</b>	3,754	2,599	2,653	↓ -1,101
<b>Registration Rate %</b>	85	85	87	↑ 1
<b>Voting Rate of Registered Students %</b>	82	69	84	↑ 2
<b>Voting Rate %</b>	70	58	73	↑ 3

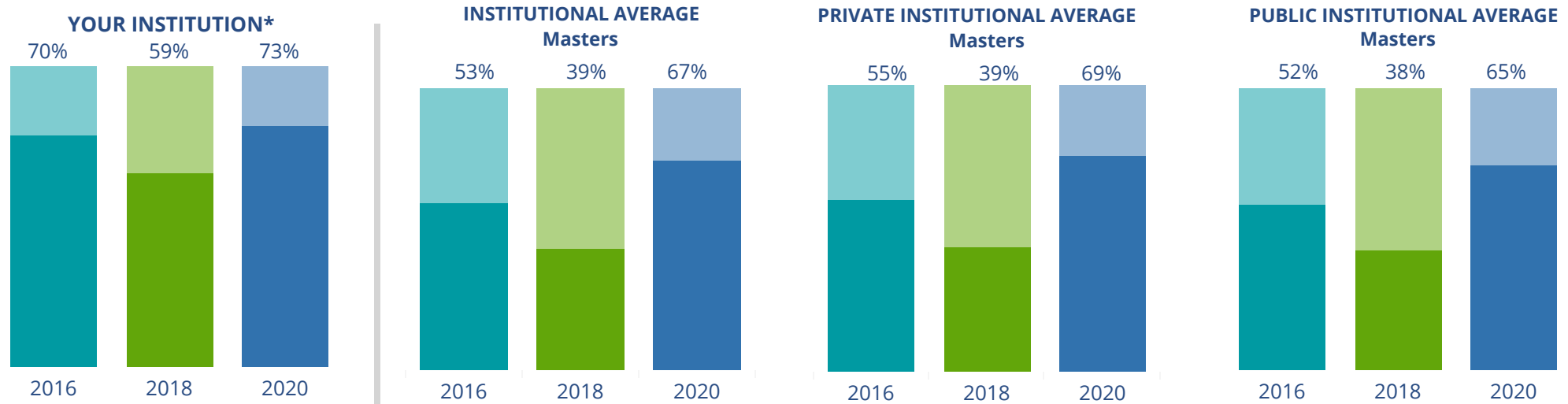
**This page provides the numbers we used to calculate your voting, registration, and yield rates.** The sub-categories under total student enrollment are the adjustments that we make to account for students who are ineligible to vote due to age or citizenship status. We also exclude, when correctly flagged, students who are not pursuing degrees.

We use IPEDS-derived estimates of NRAs when institutions do not submit non-resident alien status data to NSC, or we cannot verify the accuracy of the reported counts. This estimate is given by "IPEDS estimated non-resident aliens" on this page. If you believe the number of international students reported on this report is incorrect, you can manually adjust your institution's voting rates by using our recalculation tool. <https://id-he.tufts.edu/nslve/nslve-recalculation-tool>.

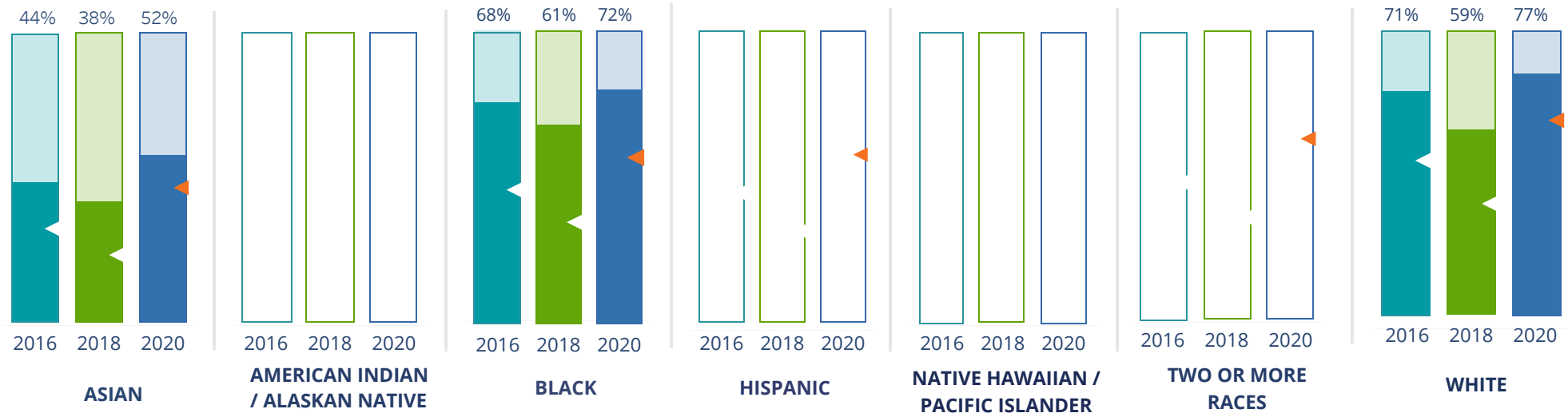
## By Institution Types



These are estimated voting rates of your institution compared to the average voting rates of similar institutions in NSLVE. \*"Your Institution" chart is presented at a different scale.



# By Race / Ethnicity



**These are estimated voting rates for race / ethnicity groups.** These classifications are provided by campuses and are obtained following race reporting procedures\* defined by the National Center for Education Statistics of the Institute of Education Sciences (IES). Please see our FAQ for more detail on why we cannot report national benchmark for some of the demographic groups:

<https://tufts.app.box.com/v/idhe-nsive-report-faq>

If you notice unavailable/missing data in this page, it could mean any of the following for your institution: (i) does not report this data; (ii) did not provide this data in past years; (iii) does not separately submit data for one or more of the demographic groups, or (iv) the data is reported for 10 or fewer students.

\* <https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/report-your-data/race-ethnicity-collecting-data-for-reporting-purposes>

# Looking Closer

## By Race/Ethnicity

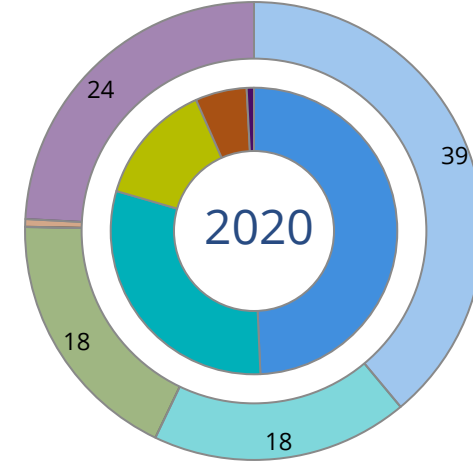
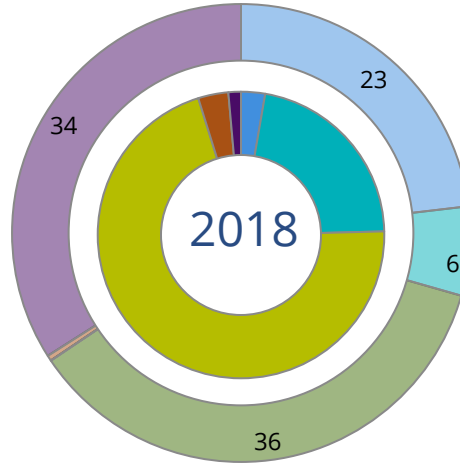
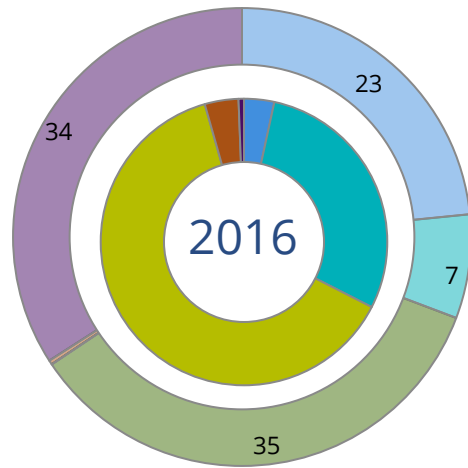
**This page provides the numbers we used to calculate race / ethnicity group voting rates.** We include the counts of students and the change in rates between the two most recent comparable election years. If you notice unavailable/missing data in this page, it could mean any of the following for your institution: (i) does not report this data; (ii) did not provide this data in past years; (iii) does not separately submit data for one or more of the demographic groups, or (iv) the data is reported for 10 or fewer students.

	2016			2018			2020			2016-2020 Change (p.p)
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	
<b>Asian</b>	288	126	44	177	67	38	191	100	52	↑ 9
<b>American Indian/ Alaska Native</b>	14	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Black</b>	2,193	1,501	68	1,319	810	61	1,184	856	72	↑ 4
<b>Hispanic</b>	18	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander</b>	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>2 or More Races</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>White</b>	1,972	1,407	71	1,170	692	59	1,151	885	77	↑ 6
<b>Race Unknown</b>	1,083	698	64	1,846	1,018	55	1,215	799	66	↑ 1



# By Voting Method

■ Not-In-Person 
 ■ Early Vote 
 ■ In-Person 
 ■ Other 
 ■ Provisional 
 ■ Unknown



	2016		2018		2020		2016-2020	
	Voted	Rate	Voted	Rate	Voted	Rate	Change (p.p.)	
<b>Early Vote</b>	1,092	29	570	22	801	30	1	↑
<b>In-Person on Election Day</b>	2,368	63	1,835	71	370	14	-49	↓
<b>Not-In-Person</b>	127	3	70	3	1,309	49	46	↑
<b>Other</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<b>Provisional</b>	141	4	89	3	153	6	2	↑
<b>Voting Method Unknown</b>	26	1	35	1	20	1	0	↑

**These are estimated rates for vote method utilization, the number of students utilizing each method, and the percent of students utilizing each method.** Not all U.S. states provide information on vote method; voting method for voter files from these states are classified "Voting Method Unknown." For a list of these states, see our FAQ. <https://idhe.tufts.edu/nslve/nslve-faq#CampusReports>

## By Age Group

	2016	2018	2020
18-21	64%	50%	61%
22-24	65%	52%	71%
25-29	64%	56%	69%
30-39	69%	59%	69%
40-49	77%	65%	76%
50+	84%	76%	85%

**Voting is habit-forming and young voters will usually continue as voters in subsequent elections.**

Also, young voters are more likely to be contacted by campaigns and are visible, and therefore significant, to elected officials. While in the past, we have seen voting rates increase across age groups, in recent cycles, the most significant increases have been among first-time and the youngest voters. Some colleges serve primarily young students, traditionally viewed as students in the 18-21 or 22-24 categories here. Others have much higher numbers of enrolled older undergraduate or graduate students.

# Looking Closer

## By Age Group

**Here, we provide the numbers of students in each age category and the voting rates for each group.** These are based on the student's age on the day of the election, as calculated by the National Student Clearinghouse using data from student enrollment records.

	2016			2018			2020			2016-2020	
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Change (p.p)	
<b>18-21</b>	816	519	64	565	283	50	367	223	61	↓ -3	
<b>22-24</b>	1,205	789	65	1,060	552	52	840	595	71	↑ 5	
<b>25-29</b>	1,515	963	64	1,236	697	56	1,045	726	69	↑ 6	
<b>30-39</b>	1,278	878	69	1,040	610	59	912	633	69	↑ 1	
<b>40-49</b>	502	385	77	399	261	65	388	295	76	↓ -1	
<b>50+</b>	263	220	84	259	196	76	212	181	85	↑ 2	

# Looking Closer

## By Sex

	2016			2018			2020			2016-2020	
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Change (p.p)	
Female	3,213	2,232	69	2,679	1,589	59	2,256	1,650	73	↑	4
Male	2,206	1,417	64	1,753	939	54	1,444	969	67	↑	3

**These are estimated voting rates for sex groups and the numbers we used to calculate their voting rates.** These classifications are provided by campuses and are obtained following the reporting procedures defined by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) of the Institute of Education Sciences (IES). Presently, NCES requires institutions to report students as “Male” or “Female” only.\*

If you notice missing data in this page, it could mean any of the following for your institution: (i) does not report this data; (ii) did not provide this data in past years; (iii) does not separately submit data for one or more of the demographic groups, or (iv) the data is reported for 10 or fewer students.

\*<https://surveys.nces.ed.gov/ipeds/public/survey-materials/faq?faqid=11>

# Looking Closer

## By Education Level / Undergraduate Class Year

	2016			2018			2020			2016-2020	
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate (%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate (%)	Enrolled	Voted	Rate (%)	Change (p.p)	
<b>EDUCATION LEVEL</b>											
<b>Undergraduate</b>	3,014	1,984	66	2,308	1,253	54	1,730	1,148	66	↑	1
<b>Graduate</b>	2,540	1,753	69	2,232	1,338	60	2,015	1,492	74	↑	5
<b>Class Unknown</b>	25	17	68	19	-	-	19	13	68	↑	0
<b>CLASS YEAR</b>											
<b>First Year</b>	323	51	166	206	47	97	140	56	78	↑	4
<b>Second Year</b>	468	66	310	332	52	174	198	61	120	↓	-6
<b>Upper Level</b>	2,247	68	1,524	1,792	55	991	1,412	68	963	↑	0
<b>ENROLLMENT STATUS</b>											
<b>Full-time</b>	2,854	1,813	64	2,138	1,122	52	1,806	1,207	67	↑	3
<b>Part-time</b>	2,725	1,941	71	2,421	1,477	61	1,958	1,446	74	↑	3

**These are estimated voting rates by Education Level (undergraduate/graduate), Class Year, and Enrollment Status (full-time/part-time), and the numbers we used to calculate these rates.**

If you notice missing data in this page, it could mean any of the following for your institution: (i) does not report this data; (ii) did not provide this data in past years; (iii) does not separately submit data for one or more of the demographic groups, or (iv) the data is reported for 10 or fewer students.

## By Field of Study

FIELDS	2016			2018			2020			2016-2020	
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Change (p.p)	
Business, Management, and Marketing	1,582	1,006	64	1,320	685	52	997	636	64	↑	0
Communication and Journalism	156	109	70	103	58	56	59	44	75	↑	5
Computer and Information Sciences	387	242	63	363	189	52	326	216	66	↑	4
English Language and Literature	80	60	75	64	39	61	44	35	80	↑	5
Health Professions	330	210	64	220	111	50	126	85	67	↑	4
History	52	41	79	26	20	77	21	18	86	↑	7
Law Enforcement, Firefighting, and Protective Services	532	371	70	423	239	57	338	231	68	↓	-1

**These are estimated voting rates by field of study, and the numbers we used to calculate the field of study rates.** For an explanation of CIP codes, please see our FAQ.\* There are roughly 8,000 fields of study among U.S. colleges and universities, so we provide rates for condensed categories.

\*<https://tufts.app.box.com/v/idhe-nslve-report-faq>

## By Field of Study

FIELDS	2016			2018			2020			2016-2020	
	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Enrolled	Voted	Rate	Change (p.p)	
Legal Professions and Studies	859	604	70	760	446	59	757	582	77	↑	7
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	152	104	68	121	79	65	223	178	80	↑	11
Natural Resources and Conservation	41	26	63	30	21	70	20	14	70	↑	7
Philosophy and Religious Studies	-	-	-	20	18	90	40	27	68	-	-
Psychology	295	190	64	254	139	55	129	83	64	↓	0
Public Administration and Social Service P..	606	435	72	516	328	64	385	277	72	↑	0
Social Sciences	191	132	69	126	86	68	126	87	69	↓	0
Visual and Performing Arts	237	187	79	192	131	68	146	121	83	↑	4
Unknown	42	27	64	21	-	-	27	19	70	↑	6

# About This Report

## Thank you for participating in the National Study of Learning, Voting, and Engagement.

Since NSLVE's launch in 2013, nearly 1,200 colleges and universities have signed up to receive their voting rates for the 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, and 2020 federal elections.

Along with others, your institution's participation in this study has allowed us to build a robust database of over 50 million college student records, about 10 million for each election year, that serve as a foundation for innovative research on college student political learning and engagement in democracy.

NSLVE is a signature initiative of the Institute for Democracy and Higher Education (IDHE) at Tufts University's Jonathan M. Tisch College of Civic Life. The mission of IDHE is to shift college and university priorities and culture to advance political learning, agency, and equity. We achieve our mission through research, resource development, technical assistance, and advocacy.

### About the Data

The voter registration and voting rates in this report reflect the percentage of your institution's students who were eligible to vote and who actually voted in the 2016, 2018, and 2020 elections.

These results are based on enrollment records your institution submitted to the National Student Clearinghouse (NSC) and publicly available voting files collected by L2 Political.

Enrollment lists are adjusted by deducting students under age 18 (at the time of the election), people identified as non-degree seeking and those identified by campuses as "nonresident aliens" (NRAs) (the federal government's category for mostly international students). Unfortunately, not all campuses report NRAs to NSC. For those campuses, we use IPEDS to calculate the number of NRA students on each campus and adjust NSC enrollment numbers to estimate the number of students to remove. We also quality check NRA removals by verifying that there is little to no discrepancy between the number of international students reported by the campus to IPEDS and to NSC. We cannot adjust subgroup analyses absent identification of NRAs verified by the process above. We welcome closer partnerships with individual colleges and universities to provide more accurate rates. For more on the data and the matching process, see our FAQ on Campus Reports.



University Of Baltimore

Thank you for the work you do to improve your students' political learning and engagement. We hope that you find your NSLVE report useful. For up-to-date news on NSLVE data, resources, and to sign up for our newsletter visit: <https://idhe.tufts.edu>.

References: IDHE encourages report recipients to share this report as broadly as possible, including posting it on the college or university's website. When doing so, please use the following citation: Institute for Democracy & Higher Education: National Study of Learning, Voting and Engagement. (2021). 2016, 2018, and 2020 report for \_\_\_\_\_ [name of institution]. Medford, MA.



Barnum Hall  
163 Packard Ave.  
Medford, MA 02155

tischcollege@tufts.edu  
617.627.3453



Institute for Democracy & Higher Education:  
National Study of Learning, Voting, and Engagement  
Barnum Hall, Medford, MA 02155

Follow Us on Twitter: @TuftsIDHE  
NSLVE@tufts.edu  
617.627.0620